Terms of Reference AUDIT COMMITTEE COMPOSITION

The Audit Committee, composed of Directors of the Board, is a standing committee of the Board, established to assist it in fulfilling its statutory and fiduciary responsibilities and in complying with principles of good governance.

- The members shall consist of not less than three directors appointed by the Board.
- The Board shall have the power at any time to remove any members from the Committee and to fill any vacancies created by such removal.
- The Company Secretary shall be the Secretary of the Committee.
- The Audit Committee members shall be independent, that is, they shall carry out their work freely and objectively.
- The Audit Committee shall operate pursuant to its terms of reference, setting forth its role, duties and responsibilities.
- The Audit Committee shall report its activities to the Board regularly.

QUORUM

The quorum shall be three.

TERMS OF REFERENCE

The Audit Committee has authority to interview Board Members, executives, advisors and employees of the Company and has direct access to the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, the Head of Internal Audit and the External Auditors and any relevant officer of the company. A majority of the members are expected to be financially literate.

1. Financial Reporting

The Audit Committee shall provide assurance that financial disclosures made by Management reasonably portray the Company's financial condition, results of operations and plans and long term commitments.

To accomplish this, the Audit Committee shall:

- critically review the draft financial and interim reports, prospectus and other financial circulars/documents.
- consider the appropriateness of the accounting policies applied and whether they are prudent and consistent with prior practice and comply with regulations and legal requirements.
- consider the validity of any changes in accounting treatment or disclosure by comparing with the previous year.
- review critical accounting issues.
- review significant estimates based on judgment which are included in the financial statements.
- review adequacy of provisions including provision for credit impairment losses.
- consider any difference of opinion between Auditors and Management on the level of provisions, on accounting treatment or on disclosure.
- consider the quality of financial information disclosed to the shareholders and other stakeholders.
- review the financial reporting process with a view to ensuring the company's compliance with accounting standards and financial matters and the applicable laws and regulations.
- Review the Company's and the Group's annual financial statements.

2. Adequacy of Internal Control

The Audit Committee shall provide assurance that the system of internal control in the various spheres of activities of the Company is adequate.

To fulfill its role, the Audit Committee shall:

- Evaluate the effectiveness and adequacy of the system of internal control.
- Identify and assess, in conjunction with Management, important risk areas and satisfy itself that the critical risk areas are being effectively addressed by Management.
- Review and discuss any previously identified material weaknesses in controls and deficiencies in system.
- If considered necessary, recommend additional procedures to enhance the system of internal controls.
- Review Internal and External Auditors' reports (Management Letter) and Management's response thereto and consider status of actions taken by Management.
- Identify any change necessary to the agreed audit scope or to other services as a result of any weaknesses or deficiencies revealed.
- Meet with the Internal and External auditors to review audit assignments carried out by them.

3. Internal Audit

- Review the objectives of the internal audit function and the annual plan of action.
- Review the scope of Internal Audit and Audit Plan.
- Assess the adequacy, performance and independence of the Internal Audit function and the adequacy of available resources.
- Review significant matters reported by the Internal Auditor.
- Review significant differences between Management and the Internal Auditors.
- Review the cooperation and coordination between the Internal and External Auditors.

 Review the adequacy of corrective actions taken in response to significant internal audit findings.

4. Corporate Governance

The Audit Committee shall provide assurance that the Company is in reasonable compliance with pertinent laws and regulations, is conducting its affairs ethically and is maintaining effective controls against employee conflict of interest and fraud. The Audit Committee shall:

- Review corporate policies relating to compliance with laws and regulations/ethics/conflict of interest and the investigation of misconduct or fraud.
- Review significant cases of employee conflict of interest. misconduct or fraud.
- Ensure adequate disclosure of any related party transaction.

5. External Audit

- Evaluate the performance of the external auditors.
- Make recommendation for the appointment/re-appointment/remuneration of the external auditors.
- Direct special investigations into significant matters brought to its attention within the scope of its duties.
- Review the terms of reference of the Audit Committee periodically and propose to the Board any changes deemed appropriate.
- Report audit committee activities to the Board regularly.
- Make recommendations for the appointment and retention of the External Auditors.
- Review and discuss the scope of the Audit and Audit Plan, including for the subsidiaries.
- Consider differences of opinion between Management and the External Auditor.

- Evaluate the performance, objectivity and independence of the External Auditor.
- Review the nature and extent of non-audit services provided by the External Auditors.

6. Meetings

- The Audit Committee shall meet regularly, preferably at least quarterly, one of which shall be prior to the Board's approval of the annual results. Any special meetings shall be called as circumstances warrant.
- Meeting agendas shall be prepared and distributed in advance, together with sufficient background information, to enable committee members to appropriately prepare for committee meetings.
- Notice of the meeting with supporting documents shall, other than under exceptional circumstances, be forwarded to each members four working days prior to the meeting.

7. Ethics

The Board of Directors expects the members of the Audit Committee to:

- Knowingly not engage in acts or activities, which will bring disrepute to the Company.
- Refrain from entering into any activity which may be in conflict with the interest of the Company or which would prejudice their ability to carry out objectively their duties and responsibilities.
- Be cautious in the use of information acquired in the course of their duties.

22 December 2006